

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

**1-34. (canceled)**

**35. (currently amended)** A method for the production of a biomolecular complex, said method comprising the steps of:

i) synthesis of synthesizing a molecular combination of a first functional element (FE<sub>1</sub>) and a first binding element (BE<sub>1</sub>), BE<sub>1</sub> comprising a nucleotide sequence that binds to a first target molecule or area (T<sub>1</sub>), and forming a stock solution of the molecular combination FE<sub>1</sub>-BE<sub>1</sub>,

ii) synthesis of synthesizing a molecular combination of FE<sub>1</sub> and a second binding element (BE<sub>2</sub>), BE<sub>2</sub> comprising a nucleotide sequence that binds to a second target molecule or area (T<sub>2</sub>), and forming a stock solution of the molecular combination FE<sub>1</sub>-BE<sub>2</sub>,

iii) synthesis of synthesizing a molecular combination of a second functional element (FE<sub>2</sub>) and BE<sub>1</sub>, and forming a stock solution of the molecular combination FE<sub>2</sub>-BE<sub>1</sub>,

iv) synthesis of synthesizing a molecular combination of FE<sub>2</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub>, and forming a stock solution of the molecular combination FE<sub>2</sub>-BE<sub>2</sub>,

v) synthesis of synthesizing a linker molecule (L) comprising T<sub>1</sub>, T<sub>2</sub> and a nucleic acid connecting T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub>, L and having a pre-determined physical property, and

vi) reacting ~~the linker molecule L with the molecular combination of steps i) and iv), or the molecular combination of steps ii) and iii), with L~~ to obtain self-assembly of the molecular combinations ~~to the linker molecule L~~ in a desired configuration in solution, to produce said biomolecular complex comprising FE<sub>1</sub> and FE<sub>2</sub>, wherein each of FE<sub>1</sub> and FE<sub>2</sub> is attached to one of BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub>, each of BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub> is ~~attached bound~~ to one of T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub>, and T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> are connected to each other by L (FE<sub>1</sub>/FE<sub>2</sub>)-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>):T<sub>1</sub>-L-T<sub>2</sub>:(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>)-(FE<sub>1</sub>/FE<sub>2</sub>) ~~(FE-BE-T<sub>1</sub>-L-T<sub>2</sub>-BE-FE)~~.

**36. (currently amended)** The method according to claim 35, further comprising synthesis of

synthesizing at least one second linker molecule (l) connecting FE<sub>1</sub> or FE<sub>2</sub> with BE<sub>1</sub> or BE<sub>2</sub> ~~that connects FE<sub>1</sub>/FE<sub>2</sub> with BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>~~, and

reacting ~~the second linker molecule l in step vi)~~ to produce ~~the~~ a biomolecular complex wherein at least one of FE<sub>1</sub> ~~or~~ and FE<sub>2</sub> are attached to at least one of BE<sub>1</sub> ~~or~~ and BE<sub>2</sub> through the second linker molecule l (FE<sub>1</sub>/FE<sub>2</sub>)-l-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>) ~~(FE-l-BE)~~.

37. (**previously presented**) The method according to claim 36, wherein the second linker molecule 1 is a nucleic acid polymer having a pre-determined physical property.

38. (**currently amended**) The method according to claim 35, further comprising repeating steps i) - iv) for functional elements other than  $FE_1$  and  $FE_2$ , and binding elements other than  $BE_1$  and  $BE_2$ , and

forming a library of separate stock solutions of the molecular combinations of steps i) - iv), and wherein in step vi) L is reacted with the at least two of the molecular combinations from the library of stock solutions.

39. (**currently amended**) A method for the production of a biomolecular complex, said method comprising:

(a) providing separate solutions of different first functional elements ( $FE_1$ ), each  $FE_1$  adapted to specifically attach to a first binding element ( $BE_1$ ), and  $BE_1$  adapted to specifically attach to a first target molecule or area ( $T_1$ ),

(b) providing separate solutions of different second functional elements ( $FE_2$ ), each  $FE_2$  adapted to specifically attach to a second binding element ( $BE_2$ ), and  $BE_2$  adapted to specifically attach to a second target molecule or area ( $T_2$ ),

(c) providing separate solutions of said binding elements BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub>, each binding element comprising a nucleotide sequence,

(d) providing separate solutions of linker molecules (L), each linker molecule comprising a nucleic acid molecule having a distinct physical property,

(e) reacting FE<sub>1</sub> of step (a) with at least one of BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub> of step (c) to form a first functional element/binding element combination FE<sub>1</sub>-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>) ~~{FE<sub>1</sub>-BE}~~,

(f) reacting FE<sub>2</sub> of step (b) with at least one of BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub> of step (c), other than the binding element used in step (e), to form a second functional element/binding element combination FE<sub>2</sub>-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>) ~~{FE<sub>2</sub>-BE}~~,

(g) optionally, separately repeating steps (e) and (f) for each of said first functional elements and said second functional elements,

(h) reacting each linker molecule L from step (d) with T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub>, each of T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> comprising a target sequence capable of specific binding to BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub> of steps (e) and (f),

(i) reacting FE<sub>1</sub>-BE and FE<sub>2</sub>-BE FE<sub>1</sub>-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>) and FE<sub>2</sub>-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>) of steps (e) and (f) with each linker molecule L reacted with T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> of step (h) to form a combination of functional elements attached to binding elements and target molecules ~~{FE<sub>1</sub>-BE-T<sub>1</sub>-L-T<sub>2</sub>-BE-FE<sub>2</sub>}~~ FE<sub>1</sub>-(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>):T<sub>1</sub>-L-T<sub>2</sub>:(BE<sub>1</sub>/BE<sub>2</sub>)-FE<sub>2</sub>, and

(j) repeating steps (h) and (i) in order to form a library of combinations of functional elements attached to binding elements and target molecules {FE-BE-T-L-T-BE-FE}, to produce said biomolecular complex comprising FE<sub>1</sub> and FE<sub>2</sub>, wherein:

FE<sub>1</sub> is specifically attached to a binding element, and the binding element is specifically attached to T<sub>1</sub>,

FE<sub>2</sub> is specifically attached to a binding element, and the binding element is specifically attached to T<sub>2</sub>, and

T<sub>1</sub> and T<sub>2</sub> are attached by at least one linker molecule (L).

**40. (previously presented)** The method according to claim 39, wherein L further comprises a marker or label chosen among a reporter gene, a radioactive label, and a fluorescent label.

**41. (previously presented)** The method according to claim 39, wherein at least one of BE<sub>1</sub> and BE<sub>2</sub> comprise peptide nucleic acids (PNA) sequences.

**42. (previously presented)** The method according to claim 39, wherein FE<sub>1</sub> and FE<sub>2</sub> are chosen among a natural or synthetic peptide, a lipid, a glycoprotein, a receptor ligand, and a fraction thereof, or any combination thereof.

**43. (currently amended)** The method according to claim 39, wherein in at least one of steps e) and f) at least one of  $FE_1$  and  $FE_2$  is attached to  $BE_1$  or  $BE_2$  through a second linker molecule (1)  $(FE_1/FE_2)-l-(BE_1/BE_2)$ .

**44. (previously presented)** The method according to claim 43, wherein the second linker molecule l is a nucleic acid polymer having a pre-determined physical property.